

## Hazardous Chemical, Dangerous Goods

## 1. MATERIAL AND SUPPLY COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

## Product name: Citrus Oil Formulation

**Synonyms** Turpene hydrocarbon cleaner

Recommended use: Solvent and cleaning product

Supplier: ABN: Street Address:	Cyndan Chemicals 31 001 670 097 Unit 1, 1 Prosperity Parade Warriewood NSW 2102
Telephone:	Australia 1800 812 309

**Emergency Telephone number:** 

### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

This material is hazardous according to health criteria of Safe Work Australia.



Signal Word Warning

Hazard Classification Flammable Liquids - Category 3

## Hazard Statement

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

## **Prevention Precautionary Statements**

- P102 Keep out of reach of children.
- P103 Read label before use.
- P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.
- P233 Keep container tightly closed.
- P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
- P241 Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all other equipment.
- P242 Use only non-sparking tools.
- P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
- P280 Wear protective clothing, gloves, eye/face protection and suitable respirator.

## **Response Precautionary Statements**

P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse
	skin with water/shower.
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use (insert appropriate media) for extinction.

## **Storage Precautionary Statement**

#### **Product Name: Citrus Oil Formulation**

Product Code



P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

#### **Disposal Precautionary Statement**

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national and international regulations.

#### Poison Schedule:

P501

#### DANGEROUS GOOD CLASSIFICATION

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the "Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail" and the "New Zealand NZS5433: Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land".

#### Dangerous Goods Class: 3

3. COMPOSITION INFORMATION		
CHEMICAL ENTITY	CAS NO	PROPORTION
D-limonene Ingredients determined to be Non-Hazardous	5989-27-5	>80 % (w/w) Balance

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia 131 126, New Zealand 0800 764 766).

Inhalation: First Aid not expected to be needed; if aspirated and irritation occurs, seek medical advice.

**Skin Contact:** Flush area thoroughly with excess water and soap for at least 10min or until all of the product is removed. Remove any contaminated clothing, including footwear, while flushing all contaminated areas preferably using a safety shower. All articles should be thoroughly cleaned before being worn again.

**Eye contact:** Flush the eye with excess water, using an eye washer were possible, for at least 5 min. Pull back the upper and lower eyelids to ensure the removal of all product from the eyes. If irritation persists or induces pain, seek medical advice. Removing the product may be difficult if contact lenses are worn.

**Ingestion:** Rinse mouth with water, and give water to drink in small amounts and as much as the patient wants. If symptoms develop, seek medical advice.

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically. Treat symptomatically.

### **5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

#### Hazchem Code: •3Y

**Suitable extinguishing media:** If material is involved in a fire use alcohol resistant foam or dry agent (carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder).

**Specific hazards:** Flammable liquid and vapour. May form flammable vapour mixtures with air. Flameproof equipment necessary in area where this chemical is being used. Nearby equipment must be earthed. Electrical requirements for work area should be assessed according to AS3000. Vapour may travel a considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back. Avoid all ignition sources. All potential sources of ignition (open flames, pilot lights, furnaces, spark producing switches and electrical equipment etc) must be eliminated both in and near the work area. Do NOT smoke.

Fire fighting further advice: Heating can cause expansion or decomposition leading to violent rupture of



containers. If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire. Keep containers cool with water spray. On burning or decomposing may emit toxic fumes. Fire fighters to wear self-contained breathing apparatus and suitable protective clothing if risk of exposure to vapour or products of combustion or decomposition.

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### SMALL SPILLS

Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination. Avoid inhalation of vapours or dust. Wipe up with absorbent (clean rag or paper towels). Collect and seal in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal.

### LARGE SPILLS

In the event of a major spill, prevent spillage from entering drains or water courses. Evacuate the spill area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Immediately call the Fire Brigade. Wear full protective clothing including eye/face protection. All skin areas should be covered. See below under Personal Protection regarding Australian Standards relating to personal protective equipment. Suitable materials for protective clothing include rubber, PVC. Eye/face protective equipment should comprise as a minimum, protective goggles. If there is a significant chance that vapours or mists are likely to build up in the cleanup area, we recommend that you use a respirator. It should be fitted with a type A cartridge, suitable for organic vapours. Stop leak if safe to do so, and contain spill. Absorb onto sand, vermiculite or other suitable absorbent material. If spill is too large or if absorbent material is not available, try to create a dike to stop material spreading or going into drains or waterways. Avoid using sawdust or other combustible material. Any electrical equipment should be non -sparking. Any equipment capable of building an electrostatic charge should be electrically grounded. Sweep up and shovel or collect recoverable product into labelled containers for recycling or salvage, and dispose of promptly. Can be slippery on floors, especially when wet. Recycle containers wherever possible after careful cleaning. After spills, wash area preventing runoff from entering drains. If a significant quantity of material enters drains, advise emergency services. This material may be suitable for approved landfill. Ensure legality of disposal by consulting regulations prior to disposal. Thoroughly launder protective clothing before storage or re-use. Advise laundry of nature of contamination when sending contaminated clothing to laundry. Exothermic reactions leading to spontaneous combustion are possible when products of this type are absorbed onto porous materials such as zeolites, other mineral derived products, and even rags. Therefore, avoid the use of those materials and seek specialist advice in large scale cleanup processes.

## Dangerous Goods – Initial Emergency Response Guide No: 14

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Avoid eye contact and repeated or prolonged skin contact. Avoid inhalation of vapour, mist or aerosols.

**Storage:** Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place and out of direct sunlight. Store away from foodstuffs. Store away from incompatible materials described in Section 10. Store away from sources of heat and/or ignition. Keep container standing upright. Keep containers closed when not in use - check regularly for leaks.

This material is classified as a Class 3 Flammable Liquid as per the criteria of the "Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail" and/or the "New Zealand NZS5433: Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land" and must be stored in accordance with the relevant regulations.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

National occupational exposure limits: No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia.

**Biological Limit Values:** As per the "National Model Regulations for the Control of Workplace Hazardous Substances (Safe Work Australia)" the ingredients in this material do not have a Biological Limit Allocated.

National occupational exposure limits: Natural ventilation should be adequate under normal use conditions..

Personal Protection Equipment: OVERALLS, GLOVES, SAFETY GLASSES.

**Product Name: Citrus Oil Formulation** 



Wear overalls, gloves, safety glasses. Available information suggests that gloves made from butyl rubber, natural rubber, nitrile rubber, polyvinyl chloride (PVC) should be suitable for intermittent contact. However, due to variations in glove construction and local conditions, the user should make a final assessment. Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storing or re-using.

**Hygiene measures:** Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands prior to eating, drinking or smoking. Avoid contact with clothing. Avoid eye contact and repeated or prolonged skin contact. Avoid inhalation of vapour, mist or aerosols. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Clear Liquid
Colourless
citrus fruit

Solubility: Specific Gravity (20 °C): Flash Point (°C): Flammability Limits (%): Autoignition Temperature (°C): Melting Point/Range (°C): Boiling Point/Range (°C): % Volatile by Volume: Emulsifies 0.85-0.90 50C 0.7% - 6.1% Unknown Liquid at normal ambient temperatures Approx 150C Presumed low below 100C

(Typical values only - consult specification sheet) N Av = Not available, N App = Not applicable

## **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Chemical stability: Stable under normal ambient conditions, storage, transport, handling, and usage.

**Conditions to avoid:** KEEP COOL <30C. Keep containers tightly closed. Keep away from all sources of ignition. Use flame-proofed electrical equipment in areas where this product is used.

**Incompatible materials:** Oxidants. Avoid porous materials such as zeolites, similar mineral products, and rags; may slowly release vapours which could cause flammable mixtures in air.

Hazardous decomposition products: During fire conditions, can decompose into oxides of carbon.

Hazardous reactions: Polymerisations are considered unlikely to occur.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No adverse health effects expected if the product is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the product label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the product is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

#### Acute Effects

Inhalation: No acute effects known

Skin contact: No acute effects known

Ingestion: No acute effects known



Eye contact: No acute effects known

## Acute toxicity

**Inhalation:** This material has been classified as non-hazardous. Acute toxicity estimate (based on ingredients): >20 mg/L

**Skin contact:** This material has been classified as non-hazardous. Acute toxicity estimate (based on ingredients): >2,000 mg/Kg

**Ingestion:** This material has been classified as non-hazardous. Acute toxicity estimate (based on ingredients): >2,000 mg/Kg

**Corrosion/Irritancy:** Eye: this material has been classified as not corrosive or irritating to eyes. Skin: this material has been classified as not corrosive or irritating to skin.

**Sensitisation:** Inhalation: this material has been classified as not a respiratory sensitiser. Skin: this material has been classified as not a skin sensitiser.

Aspiration hazard: This material has been classified as non-hazardous.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure): This material has been classified as non-hazardous.

### Chronic Toxicity

Mutagenicity: This material has been classified as non-hazardous.

Carcinogenicity: This material has been classified as non-hazardous.

Reproductive toxicity (including via lactation): This material has been classified as non-hazardous.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeat exposure): This material has been classified as non-hazardous.

## **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Avoid contaminating waterways.

Acute aquatic hazard: May be harmful to aquatic life.

**Long-term aquatic hazard:** This material has been classified as non-hazardous. Non-rapidly or rapidly degradable substance for which there are adequate chronic toxicity data available OR in the absence of chronic toxicity data, Acute toxicity estimate (based on ingredients): >100 mg/L, where the substance is not rapidly degradable and/or BCF < 500 and/or log  $K_{ow}$  < 4.

Ecotoxicity: No information available.

**Persistence and degradability:** The product is partially biodegradable. Product biodegrades slowly in the environment.

**Bioaccumulative potential:** No information available.

Mobility: No information available.

## **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Persons conducting disposal, recycling or reclamation activities should ensure that appropriate personal protection equipment is used, see "Section 8. Exposure Controls and Personal Protection" of this SDS.



If possible material and its container should be recycled. If material or container cannot be recycled, dispose in accordance with local, regional, national and international Regulations.

#### **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### ROAD AND RAIL TRANSPORT

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the "Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail" and the "New Zealand NZS5433: Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land".



UN No:	1993
Dangerous Goods Class:	3
Packing Group:	III
Hazchem Code:	•3Y
Emergency Response Guide No:	14

**Proper Shipping Name:** 

FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (D-LIMONENE)

**Segregation Dangerous Goods:** Not to be loaded with explosives (Class 1), flammable gases (Class 2.1), if both are in bulk, toxic gases (Class 2.3), spontaneously combustible substances (Class 4.2), oxidising agents (Class 5.1), organic peroxides (Class 5.2), toxic substances (Class 6.1), infectious substances (Class 6.2) or radioactive substances (Class 7). Exemptions may apply.

#### MARINE TRANSPORT

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea. This material is classified as a Marine Pollutant (P) according to the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code.



UN No:	
Dangerous Goods Class:	
Packing Group:	

**Proper Shipping Name:** 

FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (D-LIMONENE)

#### AIR TRANSPORT

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air.



UN No: Dangerous Goods Class: Packing Group: 1993 3 III

1993 3 III

**Proper Shipping Name:** 

FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (D-LIMONENE)



## **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### This material is not subject to the following international agreements:

Montreal Protocol (Ozone depleting substances) The Stockholm Convention (Persistent Organic Pollutants) The Rotterdam Convention (Prior Informed Consent) International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL)

### This material is subject to the following international agreements:

Basel Convention (Hazardous Waste)

Organic solvents excluding halogenated solvents

#### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Reason for issue: Format change

This information was prepared in good faith from the best information available at the time of issue. It is based on the present level of research and to this extent we believe it is accurate. However, no guarantee of accuracy is made or implied and since conditions of use are beyond our control, all information relevant to usage is offered without warranty. The manufacturer will not be held responsible for any unauthorised use of this information or for any modified or altered versions.

If you are an employer it is your duty to tell your employees, and any others that may be affected, of any hazards described in this sheet and of any precautions that should be taken.

Safety Data Sheets are updated frequently. Please ensure you have a current copy.